Nebraska Department of Education Rule 24 Report WORK BASED LEARNING 9-12 (Content Area) **Educator Preparation Content Program Review University of Nebraska-Lincoln** Name of institution August 9, 2024 **Date Submitted** Dr. Sara Skretta **Contact Person** 402-472-8626 Phone/Fax sskretta2@unl.edu Email Folio type: Regular Mini X Advanced Program Program(s) Covered by this Folio Endorsement(s) **Grade Level** Type **Program Level** Subject PK-12 Baccalaureate Post-Baccalaureate Field 6-12 Supplemental 7-12 Master's List Endorsements Low-Enrollment Etc. **SUPPLEMENTAL WORK BASED LEARNING** 9-12 POST-BACCALAUREATE Is the endorsement offered at more than one site? Yes Х No If yes, list additional sites where endorsement is offered: **Institution Accreditation Status:** X National Χ State Is this a Nationally Accredited Program? Yes No Attach National Letter to If Yes, list Accrediting Organization: CAEP **Cover Sheet**



1a. Institutional Background

The University of Nebraska-Lincoln

The University of Nebraska at Lincoln (UNL) was chartered as a land grant university on February 15, 1869, as part of the Morrill Act, and serves as the comprehensive public university for Nebraska. UNL is part of the University of Nebraska system that includes the University of Nebraska at Omaha, the University of Nebraska at Kearney, and the University of Nebraska Medical Center. The elected state Board of Regents governs the system and has designated UNL the flagship campus.

UNL is a member of the Big 10 Conference, the Big 10 Academic Alliance and the Association of Public and Land Grant Universities (APLU). Nebraska is classified within the Carnegie "R1 Doctoral Universities-Highest Research Activity Category," accredited by the Higher Learning Commission and consists of eight academic colleges: Arts and Sciences, Business, Education and Human Sciences, Engineering, Fine and Performing Arts, Graduate Studies, Journalism and Mass Communications and Law. The university's continuous improvement strategic plan, N2025, centers on the premise that every person and every interaction matters.

Enrollment in the Fall of 2023 reflected the national trend of small enrollment declines from UNL's historical enrollment in 2017. UNL had 18,959 undergraduates and 4,641 graduate/professional students.

The College of Education and Human Sciences

The College of Education and Human Sciences (CEHS) was established in 2003 when the College of Human Resources and Family Studies and the Teachers College were combined. It is home to more than 3,100 students, 220 faculty, and 175 staff members, with 25% of students identifying as first-generation college students. CEHS includes seven academic units: Child, Youth and Family Studies (CYAF), Educational Administration (EDAD), Educational Psychology (EDPS), Nutrition and Health Sciences (NHS), Special Education and Communication Disorders (SECD), Teaching, Learning and Teacher Education (TLTE), and Textiles Merchandising and Fashion Design (TMFD). The college offers bachelor, master, specialist, and doctoral degree programs and certificate and endorsement-only programs.

UNL's programs that are nationally accredited include Speech Language Pathology Audiology (SLPA), accredited by the Council on Academic Accreditation in Audiology and Speech Language Pathology of the American Speech Language Hearing Association (ASHA) and School Psychology, accredited by the National Association of School Psychologists (NASP). Music education, offered in the College of Fine and Performing Arts, is nationally accredited by the National Association of Schools of Music.



1b. Standards for Admission, Retention, Transition, and Completion

The educator preparation programs at UNL admit new graduate candidates based on the following criteria:

- A minimum undergraduate GPA or 3.0
- A valid teaching certificate or concurrently pursuit of initial certificate
- Applicants are required to have a command of oral and written English. Those who do
 not hold a baccalaureate or other advanced degree from the United States must meet
 the minimum language proficiency score requirement to be considered for admission.
 Some advanced programs allow candidates to concurrently pursue initial licensure.
- Candidates must meet the UNL graduate student admission requirements. Some
 programs require a secondary application to the specific endorsement program with
 additional requirements. For candidates adding this endorsement through their
 undergraduate preparation, they must meet UNL and CEHS program admission
 requirements and concurrently be pursuing a baccalaureate.

Institutional Criteria	Gateway #1	Gateway #2	Gateway #3
	UNL Admission	Program	Completion
		Admission	
GPA 3.0	Х		
Teaching Certificate or Pursuing	Х		
Certificate			
Baccalaureate, concurrent	х		
pursue of baccalaureate or			
minimum language proficiency			
score			
Plan of Study		X	
Successful completion of			х
Internship and assessments			

The Work Based Learning endorsement is completed concurrently with the Agriculture Education, Skilled and Technical Sciences, Family and Consumer Sciences Occupational and Business, Marketing and Informational Technology endorsement programs at the undergraduate level.



1d. Program. Completers

Pro	Program Completers and Level – Content Area:					Work Based	Learning			
Academic Year Number of Endorsement Program Completers										
			Alternate							
			Bac	Post Bac	Route	Masters	Ed. Specialist	PhD		
20	22	to	20	23	11	2	NA	0	NA	NA
20		to		24	30	_	NA	_	NA	NA

Link to Rule 20 Folio Website

1e .See Appendix A for Advising Worksheet



Section 2: Endorsement Program Key Assessments and Related Data

Artifact 1- Summary Table of Endorsement Program Key Assessments- Advanced Programs

	Name of Assessment	Assessment	Brief Description of Assessment	When Administered
	Content – Knowledge		Develop and present a written executive summary,	TEAC 4/825; CYAF 808;
	Work-Based Learning Overview	- 6	brochure, video or slide articulating the role and purpose	ALEC 804
1		Reflection	of work-based learning.	Concurrent with CTE Area
	NDE Clinical Evaluation	Summative	NDE-created Clinical Practice Assessment	Student Teaching
				J J
	Knowledge of Learner/Learning		Demonstrated awareness of careers and resources,	TEAC 4/825; CYAF 808;
2	Environments	Drainat	demonstrate the ability to coordinate school-site learning experiences and develop a lesson plan.	ALEC 804
_	Career Awareness & Exploration	Project	experiences and develop a lesson plan.	Concurrent with CTE Area
	NDE Clinical Evaluation	Summative	NDE-created Clinical Practice Assessment	Student Teaching
	Knowledge of Effective Use of	Project	Analyze scenarios and legal requirements and write a	TEAC 4/825; CYAF 808;
	Instructional Practices			ALEC 804
	Work Based Learning Readiness		with Nebraska Career Readiness Standards, and create a	Comment the CTE Associ
3	NDE Clinical Evaluation	Summative	lesson plan for an identified essential learning.	Concurrent with CTE Area Student Teaching
	INDE CITTICAL EVALUATION	Summative	NDE-created Clinical Practice Assessment	Student reaching
	Professional Responsibility &	Summative	NDE-created Clinical Practice Assessment	Concurrent with CTE Area
4	Overall Proficiency			Student Teaching
	NDE Clinical Evaluation			



Key Assessments – Descriptions and Information

Key Program Assessment #1: Content Knowledge

The Work-Based Learning (WBL) overview reflection provides candidates the opportunity to develop an overview, understanding, and ability to articulate the role and purpose of work based learning. Candidates read materials and demonstrate their knowledge and personal reflections through the development and presentation of an executive summary, brochure, video or slides.

The Clinical Practice Assessment, a 15-item instrument aligned to InTASC Standards 1-10, was developed, validated, and underwent reliability tests by the NDE in collaboration with the educator preparation programs in the Nebraska and the NDE requires its use. UNL's mentor teachers, university supervisors, and teacher candidates use the four-level rubric to formatively assess candidates after approximately 50% of their clinical practice experience has been completed. Mentor teachers, university supervisors, and teacher candidates complete the instrument a second time at the conclusion of the clinical practice experience, as the summative assessment for candidates. It provides data used to inform program improvement. Summative data are collected and presented to faculty and reviewed annually by other stakeholders.

Key Program Assessment #2 Knowledge of Learner and Learning Environments

The WBL project on career awareness and exploration is focused on utilizing knowledge gained through the overview reflection to demonstrate the ability to coordinate school-site learning experiences such as job shadowing and mentorship and develop or modify career education lesson plans.

The Clinical Practice Assessment, a 15-item instrument aligned to InTASC Standards 1-10, was developed, validated, and underwent reliability tests by the NDE in collaboration with the educator preparation programs in the Nebraska and the NDE requires its use. UNL's mentor teachers, university supervisors, and teacher candidates use the four-level rubric to formatively assess candidates after approximately 50% of their clinical practice experience has been completed. Mentor teachers, university supervisors, and teacher candidates complete the instrument a second time at the conclusion of the clinical practice experience, as the summative assessment for candidates. It provides data used to inform program improvement. Summative data are collected and presented to faculty and reviewed annually by other stakeholders.

Key Program Assessment #3 Knowledge of Effective Use of Instructional Practices

The WBL project focused on Work Based Learning Readiness is composed of completing analysis of scenarios and legal requirements and responding, designing and developing a course outline aligned with Nebraska Career Readiness Standards, and creating a lesson plan for an identified essential learning.



The Clinical Practice Assessment, a 15-item instrument aligned to InTASC Standards 1-10, was developed, validated, and underwent reliability tests by the NDE in collaboration with the educator preparation programs in the Nebraska and the NDE requires its use. UNL's mentor teachers, university supervisors, and teacher candidates use the four-level rubric to formatively assess candidates after approximately 50% of their clinical practice experience has been completed. Mentor teachers, university supervisors, and teacher candidates complete the instrument a second time at the conclusion of the clinical practice experience, as the summative assessment for candidates. It provides data used to inform program improvement. Summative data are collected and presented to faculty and reviewed annually by other stakeholders.

Key Program Assessment #4 Professional Responsibility & Overall Proficiency

The Clinical Practice Assessment, a 15-item instrument aligned to InTASC Standards 1-10, was developed, validated, and underwent reliability tests by the NDE in collaboration with the educator preparation programs in the Nebraska and the NDE requires its use. UNL's mentor teachers, university supervisors, and teacher candidates use the four-level rubric to formatively assess candidates after approximately 50% of their clinical practice experience has been completed. Mentor teachers, university supervisors, and teacher candidates complete the instrument a second time at the conclusion of the clinical practice experience, as the summative assessment for candidates. It provides data used to inform program improvement. Summative data are collected and presented to faculty and reviewed annually by other stakeholders.



Artifact 2: Key Assessment Data by Endorsement

Data was collected from the NDE Clinical Evaluation for candidates completing this endorsement concurrently with other field or subject endorsements. Performance means for completers of the Work Based Learning endorsement include ratings for the full scope of the clinical placement. There is no Praxis II Content Exam for Work Based Learning.

	Indicator	Me	ean
		2022-2023	2023-2024
1	Learner Development-Uses knowledge of students to meet needs	2.39	2.33
2	Learner Differences – Differentiates instruction to meet student needs	2.04	2.11
3	Learning Environments – Promotes a positive classroom environment through clear expectations	2.30	2.33
4	Content Knowledge – Uses accurate content and academic vocabulary	2.22	2.73
5	Application of Content – Engages students in critical thinking and collaborative problem solving	2.11	2.17
6	Application of Content – Develops literacy and communications skills through content	2.13	2.08
7	Assessment – Uses classroom assessment	2.35	2.33
8	Assessment – Assess for Learning	2.09	2.25
9	Planning for Instruction – Plans for Instruction	2.23	2.42
10	Instructional Strategies – Incorporates digital tools into instruction	2.57	2.50
11	Instructional Strategies – Uses research-based instructional strategies	2.09	2.00
12	Instructional Strategies – Uses engagement to enhance learning	2.13	2.50
13	Professional Learning and Ethical Practice – Accepts critique and input regarding performance	2.57	2.50
14	Leadership and Collaboration – Conveys professional demeanor	2.35	2.50
15	Leadership and Collaboration – Uses professional communication	2.04	2.50



Work based learning is a supplemental endorsement offered in the EPPs Career and Technical Education endorsement programs: Agricultural Education, Business, Marketing, Information Technology, Family Consumer Sciences Occupations, and Skilled and Technical Sciences. The course provides the foundation and scope of current and projected vocational cooperative education programs and general education work experience. Those who complete this endorsement are prepared to provide students with career development and other occupational related education skills.

Artifact 3: Summary of Findings

Work based learning is a supplemental endorsement offered in the EPPs Career and Technical Education endorsement programs: Agricultural Education, Business Marketing and Information Technology (BMIT), Family Consumer Sciences Occupational (FCS), and Skilled and Technical Sciences (STS). The course provides the foundation and scope of current and projected vocational cooperative education programs and general education work experience. Those who complete this endorsement are prepared to provide students with career development and other occupational related education skills.

Key Assessment 1: Content Knowledge

All WBL completers were rated at the Satisfactory or above rating for the assessments. This rating was required to successfully complete the course and endorsement.

Data from the NDE Clinical Evaluation indicates all completers were rated at or above Proficient levels for both 2022-2023 and 2023-2024. The high mean (2.22) in 2022-2023 was in Content Knowledge. The low mean (2.11) in 2022-2023 was in Application of Content-engages students in critical thinking anc collaborative problem solving. The high mean (2.73) in 2023-2024 was in Content Knowledge. The low mean (2.08) in 2023-2024 was in Application of Content-develops literacy and communications skills through content. Mean scores indicate content knowledge is an overall area of strength for completers.

Key Assessment 2: Knowledge of Learner and Learning Environments

All WBL completers were rated at the Satisfactory or above rating for the assessments. This rating was required to successfully complete the course and endorsement.

Data from the NDE Clinical Evaluation indicates all completers were rated at or above Proficient levels for both 2022-2023 and 2023-2024. The high mean (2.39) in 2022-2023 was in Learner Development and the low mean (2.04) was in Learner Differences. In 2023-2024 the high mean (2.33) was in both Learner Development and Learning Environments. The low mean (2.11) was Learner Differences.

Key Assessment #3 Knowledge of Effective Use of Instructional Practices

All WBL completers were rated at the Satisfactory or above rating for the assessments. This rating was required to successfully complete the course and endorsement.



Data from the NDE Clinical Evaluation indicates all completers were rated at or above Proficient levels for both 2022-2023 and 2023-2024. The high mean (2.57) in 2022-2023 was in Instructional Strategies -Incorporates digital tools into instruction and the low mean (2.09) was in Instructional Strategies-Uses research-based instructional strategies. In 2023-2024 the high mean (2.50) was in both Instructional Strategies-Incorporates digital tools into instruction and Instructional. Strategies-Uses engagement to enhance learning. The low mean (2.00) was Instructional Strategies-Uses research-based instructional strategies.

Key Program Assessment #4 Professional Responsibility & Overall Proficiency

Data from the NDE Clinical Evaluation indicates all completers were rated at or above Proficient levels for both 2022-2023 and 2023-2024. The high mean (2.57) in 2022-2023 was in Professional Learning and Ethical Practice and the low mean (2.04) was in Leadership and Collaboration. In 2023-2024 a mean score of 2.50 was evident in all areas, Professional Learning and Ethical Practice, Leadership and Collaboration-Conveys a professional demeanor and Leadership and Collaboration-Uses professional communication. Means scores indicate this is an area of strength for completers

Section 3: Use of Related Data and Information for Continuous Program Improvement of Endorsement Program

Program Changes

The EPP implemented a Quality Assurance System (QAS) in the Spring of 2019, with full implementation delayed by the Covid-19 pandemic. The process, while fully implemented, continues to develop and refine personnel, infrastructure and systems within the UNL parameters on data collection The CEHS Professional Education Committee (PEC) was established and provides policies and guidance to educator programs that prepare candidates for positions in the P-12 schools; established a conceptual model for all programs and approved an assessment system to describe the quality and type of learning of candidates in the various programs; solicits plans for improving the quality of candidates in each of the programs; and systematically monitors the quality of programs using the accreditation standards. PEC consists of Chairs of departments with primary responsibility for the preparation of the educational professionals, the UNL Certification Officer, and the following additional members, each of whom serve a three-year term: four to eight CEHS faculty members selected by faculty colleagues, four representatives from the College of Arts and Sciences and/or the College of Fine and Performing Arts selected by the Deans of those colleges, four teachers from P-12 education appointed by the UNL Certification Officer (in consultation with the Executive Director of the Nebraska State Teachers Association), one speech and language therapist, two guidance counselors or school psychologists appointed by the Dean of CEHS, and two school administrators appointed by the Dean of CEHS. PEC plays a major coordinating role in the



accreditation process and involves the faculty of the College in addressing issues related to accreditation and continuous quality improvement.

Course Changes

The pathways leading to the WBL endorsement courses at UNL expanded since the last review. The endorsement can be completed in three different departments concurrently with career and technical education endorsement programs or as a stand-alone supplemental endorsement. The Department of Teaching, Learning and Teacher Education, which houses all elementary and most secondary endorsement programs, offers TEAC 425/825 each semester. The Department of Child, Youth and Family Studies, which is home to the Family and Consumer Sciences endorsement program, offers CYAF 808 each semester. The College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, an affiliated college to CEHS and home of the Agricultural Education and Skilled and Technical Sciences programs, offers ALEC 235 (Ag)/234 (STS) and 804 each semester. Additional combinations of courses from these programs may also qualify in certain circumstances as meeting the WBL requirements.

Because the WBL endorsement is offered across departments and disciplines, completers finish the endorsement designed specific to their area. While all WBL courses meet Rule 24 endorsement requirements, variation exists within each department's offering. Program faculty attempt to be cohesive regarding structure and outcomes but because nothing formal is in place, some courses can vary greatly in structure than others. This is an issue of which faculty understands and continues to work through to ensure general consistency in content for completer success.





Appendix A Advising Worksheet

This is a single-class endorsement embedded into other programs. The BMIT advising sheet is provided below with the required Work-Based Learning course highlighted.

NAME:	NU ID #:	BULLETIN
Secondary Education:		rketing and Information Technology -2024
#could be taken for credit towards an International Stud	ies minor	
I. ACHIEVEMENT CENTERED EDUCATION (AC All UNL students are required to complete a minimum of approved course work in each of the 10 designated ACE ACE #1 Written Texts Incorporating Research & Knowledge & ENGL 151, 151 or 254 ACE #2 Communication Skills TEAC 259 (3) ACE #3 Mathematical. Computational, Statistical, or Formal MATH 104 or ECON 215 (Any) (3) ACE #4 Study of Scientific Methods & Knowledge of Natural (Any) (4) ACE #5 Study of Humanities (Any) (5) ACE #5 Study of Social Sciences EDPS 251 (6) ACE #6 Study of Social Sciences (CANY) (7) ACE #8 Ethical Principles, Civics, Stewardship & Their Importance of Study of Social Sciences (Any) (8) ACE #6 Global Awareness, Knowledge of Human Diversity the of an Issue #TEAC 330 (9) ACE #10 Integration of Abilities, Capacities in a Creative or STEAC 403B (11) III. PRE-PROFESSIONALEDUCATION EDPS 251 Fundamentals of Adolescence (9) EDPS 251 Fundamentals of Adolescence (12) EDPS 251 Fundamentals of Adolescence (13) EDPS 251 Fundamentals of Adolescence (14) EDPS 251 Fundamentals of Adolescence (15) EDPS 297 Fracticum (take W/ EDPS 251) (16) EDPS 297 Fracticum (take W/ EDPS 251) EDPS 297 Fracticum (take W/ EDPS 251) EDR 262 EDR 263 Firstructional Technology (13) EACE 3C STEAC 30 EDR 263 Foundations of Ed (14) EDR 263 Foundations of Ed (15) EDR 261 EDR 26	E) if 3 hours of areas. Skills hrss VNVV hrss VNVV Reasoning Skills hrss E Physical World hrss hrss VNVV ifficance in rss rough Analysis hrs VNVV	IV. ENDORSEMENT All grades must be a minimum of "C" or above. COMM 286 Bus & Professional Comm. (3 hrs) BSAD 220 Bus Comm Strategies OR JGEN 120 Basic Business Comm. (3 hrs) "TEAC 229 Applications Software. (3 hrs) "TEAC 425 Work-Based Learning/Coop Teach(3 hrs) "TEAC 441 Technology Issues. (3 hrs) "ACCT 201 Intro Acet II (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #ACCT 202 Intro Acet II (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #BLAW 371 Legal Environment (3 hrs) #ECON 211 Macro (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #ECON 212 Micro (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #ECON 213 Micro (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #ECON 214 Micro (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #ECON 215 Micro (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #ECON 216 Micro (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #ECON 217 Micro (Sophomore standing). (3 hrs) #ECON 218 MRKT 341 Marketing. (3 hrs) MRKT 341 Marketing. (3 hrs) MRKT 341 Marketing Communication Strategy. (3 hrs) #These courses are offered on a 3-semester rotation so it is important that you confer with your academic advisor regularly. Work-Based Learning (Grades 9-12) Students in the BMIT or FCS Occupational programs will also be recommended to Nebraska Department of Education for the Work-Based Learning endorsement. Persons with this endorsement may coordinate, teach and supervise programs of instruction that develop career and life skills. 1,000 hours paid, business related work experience documented OR TEAC 297 Practicum (0-2) Acceptance into the Business Teacher Education Program is required before enrollment in the Professional Education courses. All grades must be a minimum of "C+" or above. V. PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION Teaching Methods TEAC 4521 Curriculum Planning. (F) (3 hrs) FIEAC 4521 Student Teaching. (9 hrs) P/N TEAC 4031 Seed Student Teaching. (9 hrs) P/N TEAC 4031 Seed Student Teaching. (3 hrs)

Bus-Mark-Info Tech Rev 4/26/23



Appendix B Key Assessments and Scoring Rubric

Nebraska Clinical Practice Assessment

Teacher Candidate:

Evaluator's Name: ______
Evaluator's Role: _____



Updated 12.19.17

For Office use only: CT/ TC/ US

Nebraska Clinical Practice Rubric

oate:	sh row which host describes no	eformance At midtorm the	and would be for student t	acchara to be nerformin
	th row, which best describes per ficient. If performance is scored			
	Advanced	Proficient	Developing	Below Standard
Uses knowledge of students to meet needs Standard 1 Learner Development	Uses data about students and their development to adjust teaching and build on student strengths resulting in student learning.	Uses data about students and their development to adjust teaching.	Collects data about students and their development but does not adjust teaching.	Lacks evidence of data collection and use related to students and their development.
InTASC 1; CAEP 1.1				
Differentiates instruction to meet student needs Standard 2 Learner Differences InTASC 2; CAEP 1.1	Identifies students' needs for differentiation and responds with individualized instruction, flexible grouping, and varied learning experiences to include bringing multiple perspectives and cultural resources to the	Identifies students' needs for differentiation and responds with individualized instruction, flexible grouping, and varied learning experiences.	Identifies students' needs for differentiation.	Does not identify students' needs for differentiation.
Promotes a positive	discussion of content. Communicates and	Communicates and	Communicates and	Attempts to
classroom environment through clear expectations	reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to students, develops routines	reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to	reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to	communicate and reinforces clear task and behavior
Standard 3 Learning Environments InTASC 3; CAEP 1.1	that support expectations and minimizes the loss of instructional time.	students and follows routines that support expectations for the learning environment.	students.	expectations to students.
Uses accurate content and academic vocabulary	Communicates accurate content, uses academic vocabulary correctly, provides relevant	Communicates accurate content, uses academic vocabulary correctly and provides	Communicates content and uses academic vocabulary, yet does not consistently provide	Communicates inaccurate content, academic vocabulary and/or provides
Standard 4 Content Knowledge InTASC 4; CAEP 1.1	opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding and uses knowledge of common misconceptions to create accurate understanding in the	relevant opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding.	relevant opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding.	irrelevant opportunitie for students to demonstrate understanding.

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Updated 12.19.17

Engages students in critical thinking and collaborative problem solving Standard 5 Application of Content InTASC 5; CAEP 1.1	Links concepts to help students make connections and engages students in applying methods of inquiry in the discipline to engage learners in critical thinking.	Links concepts to help students make connections and engages students in applying methods of inquiry in the discipline.	Links concepts to help students make connections in the discipline.	Does not assist students in making connections in the discipline.
Develops literacy and communication skills through content Standard 5 Application of	Engages students to utilize literacy and communication skills from a variety of resources and perspectives to address targeted	Engages students to utilize literacy and communication skills by accessing a variety of resources and	Engages students in developing literacy and communication skills.	Provides few opportunities for students to develop literacy and communication skills.
Content InTASC 5; CAEP 1.1	purposes and audiences.	perspectives to show understanding of content.		
Uses classroom assessment Standard 6 Assessment InTASC 6; CAEP 1.1	Uses classroom formative and summative assessments that match objectives and inform instructional decisions to guide implementation of differentiated instructional strategies to include designing and/or adapting	Uses classroom formative and summative assessments that match objectives and inform instructional decisions to guide implementation of differentiated instructional strategies.	Uses classroom formative and summative assessments that match objectives and inform instructional decisions.	Uses classroom formative and summative assessments but may not match objectives and/or inform instructional decisions.
	interventions as a result.	motractional strategies.		
Assesses for learning Standard 6 Assessment InTASC 6; CAEP 1.1	Uses student performance data and knowledge of students to identify interventions that support and/or advance learning through a series of differentiated assessment practices that positively impact learning.	Uses student performance data and knowledge of students to identify interventions that support and/or advance students to positively impact learning.	Uses student performance data and knowledge of students to identify interventions that support students.	Does not use student performance data and/or knowledge of students to identify interventions that support students.
Plans for instruction Standard 7 Planning for Instruction InTASC 7; CAEP 1.1	Sequences learning experiences linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks and assessments to provide multiple ways for students to demonstrate knowledge and skills to include using data to adjust for recurring learning needs throughout planning.	Sequences learning experiences linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks and assessments to provide multiple ways for students to demonstrate knowledge and skills.	Sequences learning experiences linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks and assessments.	Provides little or no evidence of sequenced learning experiences and/or experiences are not linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks and/or assessments.
Incorporates digital tools into instruction	Designs or adapts relevant learning experiences that incorporate digital tools and	Provides relevant learning experiences that incorporate digital	Provides relevant learning experiences that incorporate digital	Provides learning experiences that incorporate digital tools
Standard 8 Instructional Strategies InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1	resources to promote student learning and creativity.	tools and resources to promote student learning and creativity.	tools to stimulate interest.	infrequently or ineffectively.







Updated 12.19.17

Uses research- based instructional strategies Standard 8 Instructional Strategies InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1	Uses a broad range of evidence—based strategies to support learning in the content area, poses questions that elicit student thinking about information and concepts to build critical thinking skills.	Uses evidence–based strategies to support learning in the content area and poses questions that elicit student thinking and support critical thinking skills.	Uses evidence–based strategies to support learning in the content area and poses questions that elicit student thinking.	Uses strategies and poses questions.
Uses engagement to enhance learning Standard 8 Instructional Strategies InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1	Organizes and manages the learning environment for student engagement and personal accountability using strategies that provide opportunities for students to process and articulate new knowledge.	Organizes and manages the learning environment for student engagement using strategies that provide opportunities for students to process and articulate new knowledge.	Manages the learning environment for student engagement.	Attempts to manage the learning environment for student engagement.
Accepts critique and input regarding performance Standard 9 Professional Learning and Ethical Practice InTASC 9; CAEP 1.1	Invites constructive feedback, responds positively, independently sets and implements goals to improve practice.	Invites constructive feedback, responds positively, with support sets and implements goals to improve practice.	Invites constructive feedback, responds positively, but inconsistently implements goals to improve practice.	May resist constructive feedback or fail to implement goals to improve practice.
Conveys professional demeanor Standard 10 Leadership and Collaboration InTASC 10; CAEP 1.1	Conveys a confident, professional decorum when interacting with learners, peers, colleagues and the community in small and large group situations to include seeking out leadership opportunities in the school and/or community.	Conveys a confident, professional decorum when interacting with learners, peers, colleagues and the community in small and large group situations.	Conveys professional decorum when interacting with learners, peers, colleagues and the community in small and large group situations. Any minor lapses have been addressed.	Conveys a lack of professional decorum when interacting.
Uses professional communication Standard 10 Leadership and Collaboration InTASC 10; CAEP 1.1	Demonstrates professional oral, written and electronic communication, responds to people, problems and crises effectively and communicates with families through a variety of means (i.e. notes home, e-mails or websites, phone calls, conferences, meetings).	Demonstrates professional oral, written and electronic communication, responds to people, problems and crises effectively.	Demonstrates professional oral, written and electronic communication, responds to people, problems and crises effectively with additional assistance.	Demonstrates unprofessional oral, written and/or electronic communication and/or responds to people, problems and crises ineffectively.



CEHS Common Assessment Instrument Framework for CAEP Final Draft August 2015

Basis on which to build

 Child and Youth Development. Demonstrates knowledge of how individuals grow, develop and learn intellectually, socially and personally. INTASC 1; NAEYC 1a, NAEYC 1b

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Does not identify or	Identifies and sufficiently	Identifies and describes	Identifies and describes
describe age-typical	describes age-typical	age-typical	in detail age-typical
physical, social,	characteristics of	characteristics of	physical, social,
emotional, cognitive	students in at least one	students' physical,	emotional, cognitive and
and language	domain of physical,	social, emotional,	language characteristics
characteristics of	social, emotional,	cognitive and language	of students. Connects
students. Plans for	cognitive or language	development.	understanding of the
instruction do not	development.	Instructional plans (or	characteristics with their
account for differences	Instructional plans (or	ideas presented in	implications for
in students'	ideas presented in	assignment) are	classroom practices.
developmental levels.	assignment) are	developmentally	Expectations for
Holds expectations for	compatible with students'	appropriate for students'	students are
students that are	developmental level in	physical, social,	developmentally
developmentally	some but not all	emotional cognitive and	appropriate.
inappropriate.	domains.	language development.	
0	1	2	3

2. Diversity. Demonstrates knowledge about how the social, economic, linguistic and cultural backgrounds of students, and family dynamics impact learning. INTASC 2; NAEYC 2a

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Does not recognize	Recognizes at least	Addresses students	Addresses students
differences among	some categories of	appropriately and with	appropriately.
students; or does not	differences among	respect. Holds the same	Able to explain how
acknowledge	students and may	high expectations of all	student differences
differences among	recognize the impact	students. Recognizes	affect learning needs.
students; and does not	that some differences	most categories of	Incorporates the
interact appropriately	have on student	differences among	knowledge of all
with students with	learning needs.	students and lessons	categories of student
differences. May	Addresses students	reflect these differences	differences into lesson
actively demonstrate	appropriately. Holds	in student learning	planning. Identifies
bias against individuals	lowered expectations of	needs. Is capable of	student differences,
or groups.	students with	explaining instructional	adapts lessons to meet
	differences and limits	needs of some of those	different learning needs,
	efforts to differentiate	categories.	and maintains high
	instruction.		expectations of all
			students.
0	1	2	3



3. Subject Matter Knowledge for Teaching. Makes content knowledge accessible to students. INTASC 4, NAEYC 5a; NAEYC 5b; NAEYC 5c

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Does not demonstrate sufficient content knowledge for the	Demonstrates mastery of most common content knowledge for	Demonstrates mastery knowledge of common and specialized content	Excellent mastery in the content appropriate to the lessons; Anticipates
lessons that are delivered; Is unable to use that content knowledge. Teaches erroneous knowledge. Does not connect individual lessons to district or state curriculum objectives or content standards.	the lessons that are delivered; and shows mastery of some but not all specialized knowledge necessary for the lesson. Makes some errors in the content delivered to students. Usually accommodates lessons appropriately in response to student confusion or errors in content.	appropriate to the lessons are delivered; and demonstrates an understanding of student needs, and of effective teaching; and make some connections among those. Makes few or no errors in content. Accommodates lessons appropriately in response to student confusion or errors in content. Content is clearly aligned district or state curriculum objectives and content standards.	students misconception and modifies instruction to respectfully confront thesis; Uses their knowledge, appropriate guidelines/standards, and other resources to design, implement, and evaluate meaningful, challenging curricula for each child. Lessons are effectively delivered and demonstrate good connection between knowledge of content, student and teaching
0	1	2	3

Act of teaching

 Planning for Learning. Creates useable lessons and unit plans based on knowledge of the discipline, students, and curricular goals. INTASC 7

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Instructional activities	Some but not all	All instructional activities	Activities within the
are randomly chosen or	activities within the	are articulated and	lesson plan are carefully
incompletely described	lesson plan are aligned	aligned with the overall	articulated in the overall
or both. The lesson is	with the overall plan and	plan. Learning	lesson design and
poorly organized. The	with learning objectives.	objectives are present,	provide differentiation
lesson plan shows no	Instructional activities	expectations are	for diverse learners.
evidence of scaffolding.	may be incompletely	appropriate, and both	Objectives are present,
There is no continuity	described. The learning	objectives and	set high expectations,
between the lesson and	objectives are present	expectations represent	and represent important
the overall unit.	and appropriate. The	important discipline-	discipline-based
Learning objectives are	assessment plan is	based learning. The	learning. The
missing from lesson	compatible with most	assessment plan is	assessment plan is fully
plans; or the	but not all learning	compatible with all	compatible with all
assessment plan is	objectives.	learning outcomes.	learning objectives and
incompatible with			provides alternatives for
learning objectives; or			individual students as
these objectives reflect			needed.
an inappropriate			
expectation.			
0	1	2	3



5. Responsive Teaching. Skillfully implements lessons that are flexible and intentional to meet individual student needs. **INTASC 5**, 8

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Lacks a plan for	Teaching has partially	Has a plan for	Follows the plan for
instruction or teaching reflects a failure to execute the lesson plan.	implemented the plan for instruction. Does not consistently notice all relevant student	instruction and follows that plan. Notices most student responses to the lesson, and makes	instruction and 'thinks on their feet' to adjust to students during the lesson. Shows a keen
Or rigidly adheres to a lesson plan regardless of evidence from students or in the classroom that the lesson is not working. Is inflexible in adapting plans based on	responses, behavior, interests, or needs. Makes limited adjustments in lessons based on those student responses that were observed.	sufficient adaptations so that students remain engaged. The majority of students are engaged in the lesson from start to finish.	understanding of individual students' experience of the lesson. Adaptations are effective. The majority of students are engaged in
students' current behaviors, interests, or needs. Does not notice when something needs to be done differently.			the lesson from start to finish.
0	1	2	3

6. Assessment. Uses informal and formal assessments to inform instruction and support continuous development of all students. INTASC 6, NAEYC 3a, 3b, 3c, 3d

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Does not implement	Implements assessment	Implements assessment	Understands the cycle
assessments into	at least some of the time	regularly and uses	of assessment and
lessons. Does not	while teaching, but does	assessment results in	embeds multiple forms
understand the role of	not consistently use	subsequent planning	of assessments
assessment in instruction. Never uses assessment information in making decisions about instruction.	assessment results to inform future instructional decision-making.	and decision-making.	throughout lessons in an ongoing manner. Routinely uses that information in instructional planning and decision-making. Assessment drives decision-making.
0	1	2	3



Relationships and Inclusion

7. Relationships with Students. Develops and maintains rapport with individual and groups of students. INTASC 3, NAEYC 4a, 4b, 4c, 4d

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Is mean to or yells at students; Publically insults students in class; Does not appear to like students; Is disengaged from students; Uses sarcasm in interactions with students	Is professional and even mannered in interactions with students; is neither detached from nor emotionally engaged with students; Interactions with students are impersonal, much like speaking to a store clerk or hotel receptionist. May be overly permissive.	Demonstrates empathy with all students in spoken and unspoken communication. Is friendly and professional in interactions. Responds to students' interactions. Has average expectations for students.	Has genuine and warm relationships and communicates high expectations to all students. Demonstrates empathy in unspoken and spoken communication with students. Actively seeks frequent opportunities to engage with students. Validates student efforts to learn, gives corrective feedback, and encourages students to try again.
0	1	2	3

8. Inclusive Practices. Adapts curriculum and instruction for students with disabilities. INTASC 2, 10; NAEYC 1a, 2a, 3a, 5a

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Resists having students	Attempts to engage and	Is welcoming of	Is actively engaged with
with disabilities or	include students with	students with disabilities	students with
diversities in the	disabilities, but these	and diverse students in	disabilities. Uses
classroom. Ignores or is	attempts are awkward	the classroom. Adapts	heterogeneous, fluid
disengaged from	and generally	teaching to different	groupings of students
students with disabilities	ineffective. Lessons	learning styles of	during instructions.
or diverse students.	show very limited	students and these	Proactively thinks of
	differentiation.	adaptations are effective	ways to engage and
	Modifications made to	most of the time.	include students.
	accommodate students	Maintains appropriately	Differentiates instruction
	with disabilities single	high expectations for all	for individual students
	out or draw attention to	students.	while maintaining
	the disability.		appropriately high
			expectations for
			students. Is consistently
			effective.
0	1	2	3



9. English Language Learners. Adapts curriculum and instruction for English Language Learners. INTASC 2, NAEYC 2a, 2b, 3c

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Unacceptable Does not use language that is comprehensible for English Language Learners in the classroom. Does not use linguistically or culturally responsive instruction strategies. Makes no attempt to	Emergent Only occasionally uses language that is comprehensible for English Language Learners in the classroom. Only occasionally uses linguistically or culturally responsive instruction	Sufficient Usually uses language that is comprehensible for English Language Learners in the classroom. Uses a variety of linguistically or culturally responsive instruction strategies. Whenever possible,	Advanced Reliably and consistently uses language that is comprehensible for English Language Learners. Uses a large variety of linguistically or culturally responsive instruction strategies
Makes no attempt to incorporate students' first languages in classroom activities.	responsive instruction strategies. Makes a few limited attempts to incorporate students' first languages in classroom activities.	whenever possible, appropriately incorporates students' first languages in classroom activities.	that are well-matched to students' needs. Consistently, strategically, and appropriately incorporates students' first languages in classroom activities
0	1	2	3

Classroom culture and technology

 Learning Culture. Creates classroom communities that invite student engagement and learning and encourage positive social interactions. INTASC 3, NAEYC 1c, 4a

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
The classroom	The classroom	The classroom	The environment is
environment is cold and	environment is attractive	environment is	appropriate for age and
sterile. Little or no	but too much attention is	attractive, age	learning and supports
attention is paid to	paid to the aesthetics of	appropriate (both	students' sense of
interpersonal	the environment and,	physically and socially),	success, self-efficacy
interactions in the	there are rules warning	and comfortable.	and self-determination.
classroom. There is no	students not to touch,	Multiple opportunities	Multiple opportunities
community or attempt to	tear, or spill. There are	are created for	are created for peer
build community in the	limited or restricted	enjoyable peer	relationships that are
classroom. In some	opportunities for peer	interactions and learning	valued and supported.
cases, the classroom is	interactions. The	together. There is a	Students feel valued
punitive and	classroom promotes	cooperative, healthy	and appreciated with
characterized by public	competition instead of	community in the	high expectations and
humiliation of students.	cooperation.	classroom. Some	accountability. Modeling
		modeling and instruction	and direct Instruction in
		is provided in affective	affective and social
		and social skills.	skills is incorporated into
			many different lessons.
0	1	2	3



11. Managing Classroom Activities and Learning Environment. Uses positive behavior management strategies with individuals, small groups of students and entire class for the benefit of learning. INTASC 3, NAEYC 4c

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Classroom management	The teacher candidate	Appropriate	Classroom management
is punitive and reactive	demonstrates a few	expectations are clearly	is proactive, positive,
and there are no clear	classroom management	communicated to	and multiple strategies
standards defining	strategies and uses	students. Classroom	are implemented.
positive classroom	these same strategies	rules describe positive	Strategies are
behavior. There is no	repeatedly to respond to	behaviors as well as or	individualized and used
evidence of rules and	all classroom	instead of problem	in a positive to engage
students are blamed for	management issues.	behaviors. Management	students. Students may
behavior problems	Classroom rules are	strategies are	be invited to take part in
without recognizing the	vague, negative, or	unobtrusive and	rule making and
contribution of the	rigid. Rules are	complement ongoing	management strategies.
classroom environment	inconsistently enforced	learning. Rules are	The teacher candidate
or routines. The teacher	or ineffectively shared.	consistently enforced.	uses strategies that
candidate is unaware of			promote self-regulation.
contributions of personal			
behavior to classroom			
management.			
0	1	2	3

12. Instructional Tools and Technology. Integrates appropriate technologies for enhancing learning tasks. INTASC 5, 8, NAEYC 4b

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
The teacher candidate	Some technology is	The teacher candidate	Technology is infused
avoids technology and	available in the	uses available	into and transforms
cannot articulate	classroom and the	technology in the	instruction in effective
appropriate uses for	school, and the teacher	classroom, and	ways. Readily adopts
technology in	candidate uses it on a	integrates technology	emerging technology
instruction.	limited basis.	into teaching. Can	and seeks out
	Technology is used as an "add on" to instruction and is not integral to instructional goals and activities.	articulate creative uses for existing technology.	opportunities to learn about new technologies that are not already available in the school.
0	1	2	3



Collaboration and professional growth

13. Collaborative Relations and Professional Conduct. Uses effective communication and consultation techniques with other professionals and families for the benefit of student learning. INTASC 9, 10; NAEYC 2b, 2c, 3d

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Does not communicate orally or in writing. Makes derogatory comments about students, colleagues, parents, families, schools. Violates ethical codes of conduct. Makes inappropriate use of social media.	Is a willing partner with colleagues if they initiate collaboration. Is appropriate and well-mannered in conduct. Communicates with colleagues and families.	Has strong oral and written communication; and readily and effectively partners with other professionals or families to plan, create and sustain learning environments. Is familiar with and follows professional codes of conduct.	Has strong oral and written communication; and takes a leadership role in forming or maintaining collaborative partnerships with colleagues or families. Takes initiative in establishing relationships with families. Uses a professional code of conduct as a resource for decision-making.
0	i i	2	3

14. Reflective Practices and Professional Growth. Continually evaluates how choices and actions affect students and others in the learning community, makes necessary adjustments and actively seeks opportunities to grow professionally. INTASC 2, 9; NAEYC 4d, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 6e

Unacceptable	Emergent	Sufficient	Advanced
Does not attend professional development opportunities. Reflects on practice only when prompted or required to do so. Reflection is merely recounting what occurred and includes no conclusions, interpretations, or recommendations for future practice. Does not make judgments or form opinions for refinement or adjustments to teaching.	Attends required professional development activities. Draws conclusions or opinions about what occurred during teaching, but is unsure what to do about it. Does not necessarily take action based on feedback or observations.	Attends all professional development activities that the cooperating teacher attends; and attends local or state conferences if opportunities arise; and applies information from professional development activities. When reflecting on instruction, makes one or more specific suggestions for revising teaching. Uses feedback to refine future teaching.	Seeks out professional development opportunities within and beyond the school setting. Is planful in advancing professional development. Routinely uses feedback and personal reflection to continuously refine and improve teaching. Increasingly differentiates instruction based on feedback or personal observation of the classroom and students. Shares information with others from professional development opportunities or from personal reflections.
0	1	2	3



Learner Development. The teacher understands how learners grow and

Standards

INTASC- 2013.1	develop, recognizing that patterns of learning and development vary individually within and across the cognitive, linguistic, social, emotional, and physical areas, and designs and implements developmentally appropriate and challenging learning experiences.
INTASC- 2013.10	Leadership and Collaboration. The teacher seeks appropriate leadership roles and opportunities to take responsibility for student learning, to collaborate with learners, families, colleagues, other school professionals, and community members to ensure learner growth, and to advance the profession.
INTASC- 2013.2	Learning Differences. The teacher uses understanding of individual differences and diverse cultures and communities to ensure inclusive learning environments that enable each learner to meet high standards.
INTASC- 2013.3	Learning Environments. The teacher works with others to create environments that support individual and collaborative learning, and that encourage positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation.
INTASC- 2013.4	Content Knowledge. The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline(s) he or she teaches and creates learning experiences that make the discipline accessible and meaningful for learners to assure mastery of the content.
INTASC- 2013.5	Application of Content. The teacher understands how to connect concepts and use differing perspectives to engage learners in critical thinking, creativity, and collaborative problem solving related to authentic local and global issues.
INTASC- 2013.6	Assessment. The teacher understands and uses multiple methods of assessment to engage learners in their own growth, to monitor learner progress, and to guide the teacher's and learner's decision making.
INTASC- 2013.7	Planning for Instruction. The teacher plans instruction that supports every student in meeting rigorous learning goals by drawing upon knowledge of content areas, curriculum, cross-disciplinary skills, and pedagogy, as well as knowledge of learners and the community context.
INTASC- 2013.8	Instructional Strategies. The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage learners to develop deep understanding of content areas and their connections, and to build skills to apply knowledge in meaningful ways.
INTASC- 2013.9	Professional Learning and Ethical Practice. The teacher engages in ongoing professional learning and uses evidence to continually evaluate his/her practice, particularly the effects of his/her choices and actions on



	others (learners, families, other professionals, and the community), and adapts practice to meet the needs of each learner.
NAEYC- 2009.1a	Knowing and understanding young children's characteristics and needs
NAEYC- 2009.1b	Knowing and understanding the multiple influences on development and learning
NAEYC- 2009.1c	Using developmental knowledge to create healthy, respectful, supportive, and challenging learning environments
NAEYC- 2009.2a	Knowing about and understanding diverse family and community characteristics
NAEYC- 2009.2b	Supporting and engaging families and communities through respectful, reciprocal relationships
NAEYC- 2009.2c	Involving families and communities in their children's development and learning
NAEYC- 2009.3a	Understanding the goals, benefits, and uses of assessment
NAEYC- 2009.3b	Knowing about assessment partnerships with families and with professional colleagues
NAEYC- 2009.3c	Knowing about and using observation, documentation, and other appropriate assessment tools and approaches
NAEYC- 2009.3d	Understanding and practicing responsible assessment to promote positive outcomes for each child.
NAEYC- 2009.4a	Understanding positive relationships and supportive interactions as the foundation of their work with children
NAEYC- 2009.4b	Knowing and understanding effective strategies and tools for early education
NAEYC- 2009.4c	Using a broad repertoire of developmentally appropriate teaching/learning approaches
NAEYC- 2009.4d	Reflecting on their own practice to promote positive outcomes for each child
NAEYC- 2009.5a	Understanding content knowledge and resources in academic disciplines
NAEYC- 2009.5b	Knowing and using the central concepts, inquiry tools, and structures of content areas or academic disciplines
NAEYC-	Using their own knowledge, appropriate early learning standards, and other



2009.5c	resources to design, implement, and evaluate meaningful, challenging curricula for each child.
NAEYC- 2009.6a	Identifying and involving oneself with the early childhood field
NAEYC- 2009.6b	Knowing about and upholding ethical standards and other professional guidelines
NAEYC- 2009.6c	Engaging in continuous, collaborative learning to inform practice
NAEYC- 2009.6d	Integrating knowledgeable, reflective, and critical perspectives on early education
NAEYC- 2009.6e	Engaging in informed advocacy for children and the profession



14 Dimensions Rubric Validity Report

Nebraska Department of Education Clinical Evaluation Content Validity Report

Study completed and submitted by Dr. Barbara Sunderman, Hastings College

On October 13, 2016, at the Nebraska Association of Colleges of Teacher Education general meeting and on October 14, 2016, at the regular meeting of the NEBRASKA COUNCIL ON TEACHER EDUCATION Educator Preparation Advisory Committee to the Nebraska State Board of Education a presentation of the Nebraska Clinical Rubric was given. There were 50 individuals in attendance from both meetings, all stakeholders in education in Nebraska. Of those 50, 30% were current Nebraska administrators, 24% were practicing Nebraska teachers, 8% were members of governance in Nebraska (State School Board), 24% were teacher education institution representatives, and 14% were 'other' stakeholders including Nebraska Department of Education representatives. During the presentation, two-teacher education faculty shared the Nebraska Clinical Evaluation Rubric with the stakeholders. Members of each table group were asked to have first a conversation regarding importance of the nineteen items on the rubric. Each individual was asked to rate the individual nineteen criteria on rubric, using Lawshe content validity testing terms of essential, useful, or not necessary. Members of the NCTE and NACTE served as the Content Evaluation Panel. This was done to establish content validity. According to Lawshe, a "Content Evaluation Panel" composed of persons knowledgeable about the job. Best results have been obtained when the panel is composed of an equal number in incumbents and supervisors" (Lawshe, 1975, p. 566). The panel follows this recommendation about half of the scorers being public school employees and half of the scorers being teacher education and governance members. Panel participants were asked to measure each criterion according to the following ratings: E-essential, U-useful but not essential, or N-Not necessary. These ratings were compiled and the results calculated according to the content validity ratio (CVR).

On the Nebraska Clinical Evaluation Rubric, the	Lawshe CVF
following ratios were calculated. Criteria	
Standard 1 Student Development	0.94
Standard 2 Learning Differences	0.90
Standard 2 Learning Differences	0.86
Standard 3 Learning Environments	0.82
Standard 3 Learning Environments	0.84
Standard 4 Content Knowledge	0.93
Standard 4 Content Knowledge	0.56
Standard 5 Application of Content	0.85
Standard 5 Application of Content	0.80
Standard 6 Impact on Student Learning and	0.90
Development	
Standard 7 Planning for Instruction	0.93
Standard 7 Planning for Instruction	0.69
Standard 8 Instructional Strategies	0.88



Standard 9 Professional Learning and Ethical	
Practice and Dispositions	
Standard 10 Leadership and Collaboration and	0.91
Dispositions	
Standard 10 Leadership and Collaboration and	0.75
Dispositions	
Standard 10 Leadership and Collaboration and	0.82
Dispositions	
Standard 11 (incorporated in other areas after	0.93
CVR work)	
Standard 12 (incorporated in other areas after	0.71
CVR work)	

